# (9)











# animeo

# KNX 4 DC Motor Controller WM

# Manual



Ref. 1870452







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Before starting up it is necessary to follow the safety instructions in these instructions. SOMFY cannot be held liable for defects and damages when these have been caused as a result of not following instructions (wrong installation, incorrect service etc.). Establishing, testing and starting up of the equipment is permitted only by a qualified person (in accordance with VDE 0100). Switch on all connections without voltage. Take precautions against unintentional turning on.

A Short circuit on a motor output will destroy the Motor Controller!

The installation of the Somfy products may occur only at easily accessible places. If maintenance and repair become substantially hindered by accessibility (e.g. stuck or extensively stuck flooring, installation behind lamps or behind façades), any originating supplementary costs therein cannot be charged to the seller.

Subject to technical changes.

The animeo KNX 4 DC Motor Controller WM 24 V DC is suited for selecting up to four individually parameterable motors for Venetian blinds, roller shutters, awnings and windows. The local push button inputs can be used as conventional push buttons or, configured via ETS software as universal KNX binary inputs.

In the first five seconds after switching on the device, the push button inputs act as conventional push but-tons. They are available as binary inputs after the KNX module has been started up.

#### **Functions and advantages**

- Time savings through easy installation, for example using spring connectors, strain relief cable binders, sufficient enough clamping space.
- A group input can be used to control all four motors independently of ETS programming.
- Testing the moving direction of the motors is possible without ETS.
- The device can be used in delivery state without programming with the ETS software.
- Four local push button inputs can be used as maximum to connect eight universal KNX binary inputs, for example window contacts, temperature switches or presence detectors. By using conventional push buttons, lighting can also be controlled and dimmed.
- User-friendly and intuitive parameter settings in the ETS software.
- Intelligent change-over between manual operation and automatic operation to guarantee excellent user friendliness and energy savings.
- Position messaging of the motors during the movement and when reaching the upper or lower end position.
- Two different safety positions, freely determinable for every individual motor output.
- Safety position with mains voltage return freely determinable and messaging over building.
- Automatic cascading of the outputs with mains voltage return and bus-safety functions to minimise power peaks.
- Plug and Play! Any time extendable with animeo RTS Radio Module (ref. 1860105) or animeo EnOcean Receiver (ref. 1860220). Without additional wiring the four motors can be controlled individually per radio using Somfy RTS technology.
- Alternatively the animeo KNX RTS Receiver (ref. 1860191) or animeo KNX EnOcean Receiver (ref. 1860229) can be used. Here, without additional wiring, up to 5 universal KNX radio binary inputs can be gained (e.g. light ON/OFF with DIM).



A complete commissioning is possible if the KNX Motor Controller is connected to and powered by the KNX bus.



## 1 Definitions

#### 1.1 Manual Command

A manual command is a command which is generated by local conventional push buttons or by a Somfy RTS radio hand transmitter. A telegram which is sent on the objects 1-12 (bit commands) is also understood as a manual command.

#### 1.2 Automatic Command

A telegram which is sent on the objects 13-20 (byte commands) is understood as an automatic command.

## 1.3 US push button ergonomics

With this parameter it is ensured that the Venetian blind is controlled in the US ergonomics over the local push button inputs or over the Somfy RTS radio hand transmitter.

Short pressing of the push button (< 0.5 s): A move command is carried out.

Long pressing of the push button (> 0.5 s): A turn command is carried out, as long as the push button is pressed. When released, the turn command is stopped.

If the current position of the Venetian blind is beyond the turn, a move command is carried out with pressed push button.

## 1.4 EU push button ergonomics

With this parameter it is ensured that the Venetian blind is controlled in the EU ergonomics over the local push button inputs or over the Somfy RTS radio hand transmitter.

Short pressing of the push button (< 0.5 s): A turn step is carried out.

Long pressing of the push button (> 0.5 s): A turn command is carried out as long as the push button is pressed.

If the current position of the Venetian blind is beyond the turn, a move command is carried out.

## 1.5 Screen push button ergonomics

With this parameter it is ensured that the end product is controlled in screen ergonomics over the local push button inputs or over the Somfy RTS radio hand transmitter.

Short pressing of the push button when the end product is moving: A stop command is carried out. Long pressing of the push button when the end product is not moving: A drive command is carried out.

## 1.6 On/Off/Toggle

#### 1.6.1 On

If an "On" telegram is generated the value "1" is transmitted on the corresponding KNX group address.

#### 1.6.2 Off

If an "Off" telegram is generated the value "0" is transmitted on the corresponding KNX group address.

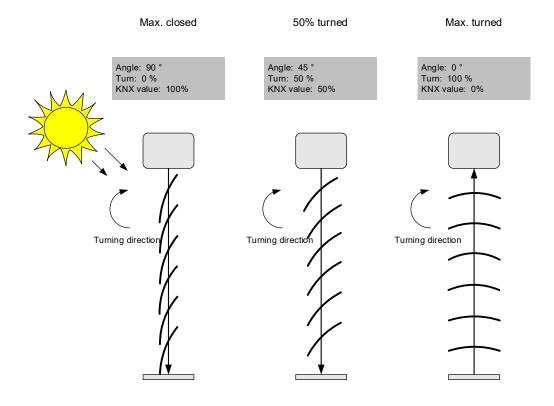
#### 1.6.3 Toggle

If a "Toggle" telegram is generated the value is firstly inverted and then transmitted to the corresponding KNX group address.

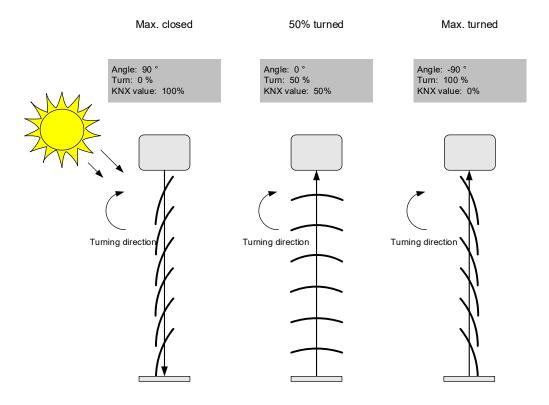


## 1.7 Position of the slats

### 1.7.1 90°/0° Venetian blind



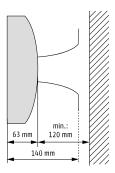
#### 1.7.2 90°/-90° Venetian blind



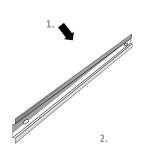


## 2 Installation

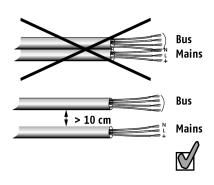
Choose the right place for installation: Level surface with sufficient space



#### Installation of the Motor Controller 4 DC WM

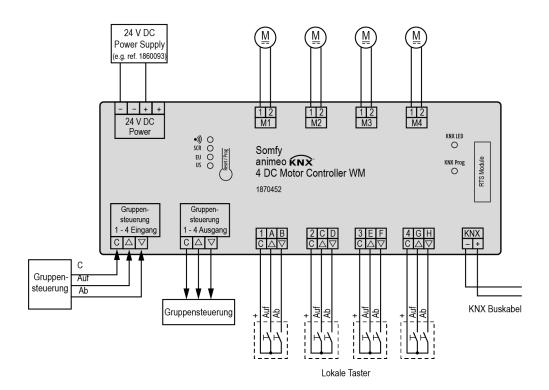


### Complete wiring and connect power supply





## 3 Wiring diagramm





The "US"-LED blinks regularly when the mains (24 V) and the KNX bus voltage are connected actively on the device. The device is ready for operation when the "US" LED blinks.

Connecttion to	Cable	Twisted pair	Max. length	Stripping length
Motors	Min.: 2 x 0.6 mm/22 AWG Max.: 2 x 2.5 mm <sup>2</sup> /13 AWG	-		6 mm/0.24"
Switch	Min.: 3 x 0.6 mm/22 AWG Max.: 3 x 2.5 mm <sup>2</sup> /13 AWG	Recommended	100 m/330 ft	6 mm/0.24"
Group control	Min.: 3 x 0.6 mm/22 AWG Max.: 3 x 1.5 mm <sup>2</sup> /15 AWG	Recommended	100 m/330 ft	6 mm/0.24"
KNX-Bus	2 x 0.8 mm/20 AWG	Required, according to KNX guidelines		6 mm/0.24"
24 V DC	Min.: 2 x 1.5 mm <sup>2</sup> /15 AWG Max.: 2 x 2.5 mm <sup>2</sup> /13 AWG	-	10 m/33 ft	6 mm/0.24"

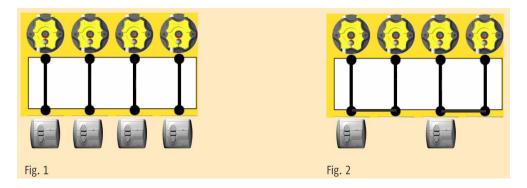


## 4 Settings in the delivery state

The Motor Controller KNX can be used in the delivery state also without prior programming by the ETS software. Practical presets are implemented in the device. These settings apply to all four motor outputs.

- Move times UP/DOWN, CLOSED/OPEN = 5 minutes
- Connection of local conventional push buttons is possible

The local push button inputs are assigned directly to the motor outputs: Push button input 1 controls motor output 1 (fig. 1). The motor outputs can be controlled through bridging the wire at the push button inputs when required (fig. 2).



## 4.1 Function of the Reset/Prog button

⚠ The basic settings in the KNX Motor Controller can be made using this push button. These basic settings are possible only in the delivery state, before the device with the ETS was programmed, or after the device was unassigned by the ETS.

The basic settings are overwritten by the settings in the ETS.



## 4.2 Selection of different user ergonomics

Using the Reset/Prog button the press button user ergonomics for the local push button inputs or Somfy RTS radio hand transmitter can be determined. These settings are possible only in the delivery state, before the device is programmed with ETS software or after the device is unassigned with the ETS.

As soon as the device with the ETS is programmed, no further settings of the user ergonomics can be made via the Reset/Prog button. When the device is unassigned by the ETS, the adjusting of the user ergonomics is possible again via the Reset/Prog button.

△ The selection of the user ergonomics must match with a corresponding end product.

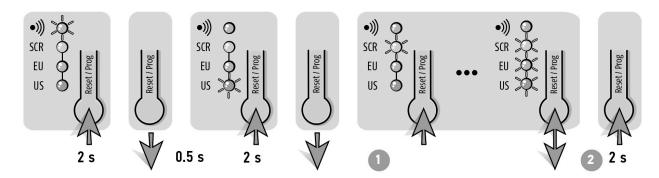


Learning-in of animeo RTS radio module **SCR** 

= Screen ergonomics\*

EU = Venetian blind, EU ergonomics\* US Venetian blind, US ergonomics\*

## 4.3 Changing the ergonomics



The delivery state is Venetian Blind with EU ergonomics

To change to different ergonomics press briefly the Reset/Prog button. Repeat till such time as the desired LED shines.

Save and exit the setting mode

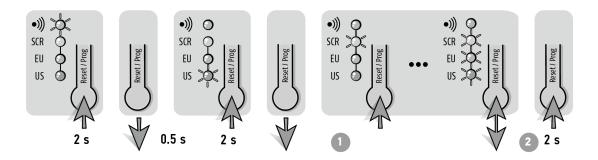
<sup>\*</sup>see chapter 1 "Definitions"



## 4.4 Manual learning-in of move times

The move and turn times per motor output can be set via local conventional push buttons. These settings are possible only in the delivery state before the device has been programmed with the ETS. As soon as the device with the ETS is programmed, the move times and turn times can no longer be set via local conventional push buttons. When the device is unassigned by the ETS, the adjusting of the move times and turn times via local conventional push buttons can be done again.

⚠ Alternatively to the conventional push buttons, the settings can also be done using the Somfy RTS Transmitter and animeo RTS Radio Module (ref. 1860105). A setting using animeo KNX RTS Receiver (ref. 1860191) and Somfy RTS Transmitter resp. animeo EnOcean Receiver (ref. 1860220) or animeo KNX EnOcean Receiver (ref. 1860229) und EnOcean Receiver is not possible!

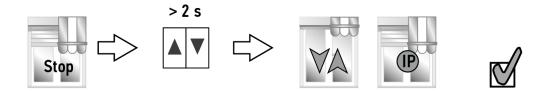


## 4.5 Manual learning-in of the intermediate position 1

Intermediate position 1 can be learned-in individually per motor output via conventional local push buttons. At the same time, it is possible to carry out the intermediate position 1 via settings in the ETS parameters. Prior to this, the move and turn times must be learned-in!

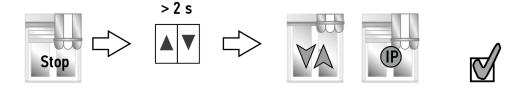
⚠ Alternatively to the conventional push buttons, the settings can also be done using the Somfy RTS Transmitter and animeo RTS Radio Module (ref. 1860105). A setting using animeo KNX RTS Receiver (ref. 1860191) and Somfy RTS Transmitter resp. animeo EnOcean Receiver (ref. 1860220) or animeo KNX EnOcean Receiver (ref. 1860229) and EnOcean Sender is possible through using the objects 64-67!

#### 4.5.1 Save intermediate position 1 (IP1)



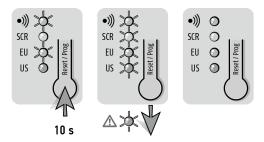


#### 4.5.2 Call intermediate position 1 (IP1)



## 4.6 Resetting to the delivery state

When the device <u>has not been</u> programmed with the ETS software.



The setting made via the Reset/Prog push button can be set back to the delivery state by pressing the Reset/Prog button for 10 seconds.

When the device has been programmed with the ETS software.



When the device has been programmed with the ETS software, a reset in the delivery state is no longer possible via the Rest/Prog button. Over the function "Unload" in the ETS, all settings of the device can be set back in the delivery state. The Reset/Prog button is then freed again.



## **5** Communication objects

## 5.1 Object overview

At the most, 177 communication objects are available for use, but not all at once. A maximum of 250 group addresses can be connected.

## 5.1.1 List of Objects

No.	Object name	Туре	DPT_ID	Description
1	Motor 1 Up/Down, Close/Open	1 bit	1.008	If a telegram with the value "0" is received on this
2	Motor 2 Up/Down, Close/Open	1 bit	1.008	communication object, the appropriate blind goe up or the window closes. If a telegram with the value "1" is received, the appropriate blind goes
3	Motor 3 Up/Down, Close/Open	1 bit	1.008	
4	Motor 4 Up/Down, Close/Open	1 bit	1.008	down or the window opens. At expiration of the adjusted running time for the UP and DOWN direction the relays of the outputs are deactivated.
9	Motor 1 Step/Stop	1 bit	1.008	With Venetian blinds: If the Venetian blind is
10	Motor 2 Step/Stop	1 bit	1.008	moving, the move is stopped with the receiving of a telegram on one of these communication ob-
11	Motor 3 Step/Stop	1 bit	1.008	jects, no matter whether "0" or "1" is received. If
12	Motor 4 Step/Stop	1 bit	1.008	the Venetian blind is stationary, a turn is carried out. In addition, the slats turn CLOSED with the receiving of a telegram with the value "1" and UP with the receiving of a telegram with the value "0". The duration of the turning step is defined in the parameter settings.  With vertical awnings, roller shutters, awnings and windows: When one of the end products is moving, the move is stopped with the receiving of a telegram on one of these communication objects, no matter whether "0" or "1" is received. If one of these end products is not moving and a telegram is received on one of these communication objects, then no operation is carried out.
13	Motor 1 Position Up/Down	1 Byte	5.001	If a telegram is received on one of these communication objects, the corresponding blind will
14	Motor 2 Position Up/Down	1 Byte	5.001	move to the position which is defined by the
15	Motor 3 Position Up/Down	1 Byte	5.001	received value "0" = upper/"100" = lower. With Venetian blinds: When the position is
16	Motor 4 Position Up/Down	1 Byte	5.001	reached, the same slats angle is moved to at which the Venetian blind was before.
17	Motor 1 Slat position	1 Byte	5.001	With Venetian blinds: If a telegram is received on
18	Motor 2 Slat position	1 Byte	5.001	one of these communication objects, the corresponding slats will move to the position which is
19	Motor 3 Slat position	1 Byte	5.001	defined by the received value. If a Venetian blind



No.	Object name	Туре	DPT_ID	Description
20	Motor 4 Slat position	1 Byte	5.001	is moving and receives a value on the corresponding object, the position of the slats is moved to only when the move has been completed. Depending on the parameter settings on the card index "General" the position is defined as follows:  "100" = slats max. closed/ "0" = slats max. turned or "0" = slats max. closed/ "100" = slats max. turned  value (0/100)  value (100/0)
25	Motor 1 Move to IP1	1 bit	1.008	If a telegram with the value "1" is received on one
26	Motor 2 Move to IP1	1 bit	1.008	of these communication objects, the correspond-
27	Motor 3 Move to IP1	1 bit	1.008	ing blind moves to the ETS parameterized per local switch or to the radio transmitted, learned-in
28	Motor 4 Move to IP1	1 bit	1.008	intermediate position 1, if the learned-in position is valid. With the receiving of a telegram with the value "0" on one of these communication objects the corresponding blind moves to the upper end position.
29	Motor 1-4 Move to IP1	1 bit	1.008	If a telegram with the value "1" is received on this communication object, the blinds 1-4 move to the ETS parameterized per local switch or to the radio transmitted, learned-in intermediate position 1, if the learned-in position is valid. With the receiving of a telegram with the value "0" on this communication object, the blinds 1-4 move to the upper end position.
30	Motor 1 Move to IP2	1 bit	1.008	If a telegram with the value "1" is received on one
31	Motor 2 Move to IP2	1 bit	1.008	of these communication objects, the correspond-
32	Motor 3 Move to IP2	1 bit	1.008	ing blind moves to the intermediate position 2 parameterized in the ETS parameters. With the re-
33	Motor 4 Move to IP2	1 bit	1.008	ceiving of a telegram with the value "0" on one of these communication objects, the corresponding blind moves to the upper end position.
34	Motor 1-4 Move to IP2	1 bit	1.008	If a telegram with the value "1" is received on this communication object, the blinds move to the Intermediate Position (IP) 2 parameterized in the ETS parameters. With the receiving of a telegram with the value "0" on this communication object the blinds 1-4 move to the upper end position.
40	Motor 1 Security, low prio	1 bit	1.001	If a telegram with the value "1" is received on one
41	Motor 2 Security, low prio	1 bit	1.001	of these communication objects, the corresponding blind moves to the position parameterized in
42	Motor 3 Security, low prio	1 bit	1.001	the ETS parameters (Security, low prio) and any



No.	Object name	Туре	DPT_ID	Description
43	Motor 4 Security, low prio	1 bit	1.001	further move commands will be blocked. With the receiving of a telegram with the value "0" on one of these communication objects, the security is turned off and move commands will be accepted again. If "Repeat last telegram after security (Yes)" has been selected in the ETS parameters, the blind moves to the position it was, before security was activated. If on one of the communication objects 45-48 (Security, high prio) a telegram is received with the value "1", the corresponding blind moves to the position parameterized in the ETS (Security, high prio).
44	Motor 1-4 Security, low prio	1 bit	1.001	If a telegram with the value "1" is received on this communication object, the blinds 1-4 move to the position parameterized in the ETS parameters (Security, low prio) and any further move commands will be blocked. With the receiving of a telegram with the value "0" on this communication objects, the security is turned off and move commands will be accepted again. If "Repeat last telegram after security (Yes)" has been selected in the ETS parameters, the blinds move to the position they have been before security was activated.  If on the communication object 49 (Security, high prio) a telegram is received with the value "1", the blinds 1-4 move to the position parameterized in the ETS (Security, high prio).
45	Motor 1 Security, high prio	1 bit	1.001	If a telegram with the value "1" is received on one
46	Motor 2 Security, high prio	1 bit	1.001	of these communication objects, the correspond-
47	Motor 3 Security, high prio	1 bit	1.001	ing blind moves to the position parameterized in the ETS parameters (Security high prio) and any
48	Motor 4 Security, high prio	1 bit	1.001	the ETS parameters (Security, high prio) and a further move commands will be blocked. With a receiving of a telegram with the value "0" on or of these communication objects, the security is turned off and move commands will be accepted again, if the corresponding object 40-43 (Security, low prio) has the value "0". Otherwise the parameterized action for low security will be carried out. When "Repeat last telegram after security (Yes)" has been selected in the ETS parameters and both securities for the corresponding channel have the value "0", the blind moves to the position it was, before any security was activated.



No.	Object name	Туре	DPT_ID	Description
49	Motor 1-4 Security, high prio	1 bit	1.001	If a telegram with the value "1" is received on this communication object, the blinds 1-4 move to the position parameterized in the ETS parameters (Security, high prio) and any further move commands will be blocked. With the receiving of a telegram with the value "0" on this communication object, the security is turned off and move commands will be accepted again, if the object 44 (Security, low prio) has the value "0". Otherwise the parameterized action for low security will be carried out. If "Repeat last telegram after security (Yes)" has been selected in the ETS parameters and both securities have the value "0", the blinds move to the position they were, before any security was activated.
50	Motor 1-4 Status positions	1 bit	1.001	If a telegram with the value "1" or "0" is received on this communication object, the current status positions of the corresponding blinds are sent to the bus (objects 73-80).
51	Motor 1 Block functions	1 bit	1.001	If a telegram with the value "1" is received on one
52	Motor 2 Block functions	1 bit	1.001	of these communication objects, the functions parameterized in the ETS for the corresponding
53	Motor 3 Block functions	1 bit	1.001	blind is blocked. If a telegram with the value "0" is
54	Motor 4 Block functions	1 bit	1.001	received on one of these communication objects, the functions parameterized in the ETS for the corresponding blind is no longer blocked and freed again.
55	Motor 1-4 Block functions	1 bit	1.001	If a telegram with the value "1" is received on this communication object, the functions parameterized in the ETS for the blinds 1-4 are blocked. If a telegram with the value "0" is received on this communication object, the functions parameterized in the ETS for the blinds 1-4 are no longer blocked and freed again.
56	Motor 1 Prio automatic/manual	1 bit	1.003	Over these communication objects the priority
57	Motor 2 Prio automatic/manual	1 bit	1.003	automatic function and priority manual function can be switched. If a telegram with the value "1"
58	Motor 3 Prio automatic/manual	1 bit	1.003	is received on one of these communication ob-
59	Motor 4 Prio automatic/manual	1 bit	1.003	jects, the automatic functions for the corresponding blind is prioritized activated. If a telegram with the value "0" is received on one of these communication objects, the manual functions for the corresponding blind is active.
60	Motor 1 Reset priority	1 bit	1.001	If a telegram with the value "1" or "0" is received
61	Motor 2 Reset priority	1 bit	1.001	on one of these communication objects the priority switching for the corresponding blind is reset.
62	Motor 3 Reset priority	1 bit	1.001	Automatic functions or manual functions are then
63	Motor 4 Reset priority	1 bit	1.001	switched to priority active again. Whichever priority is active depends on the status of the communication objects 62-65 or whichever priority has been parameterized in the ETS.
64	Motor 1 IP1 Save/Delete	1 bit	1.002	If a telegram with the value "1" is received on one of these communication objects the actual position for the corresponding blind is learned as IP1.
65	Motor 2 IP1 Save/Delete	1 bit	1.002	If a telegram with the value "0" is received on one
66	Motor 3 IP1 Save/Delete	1 bit	1.002	of these communication objects the IP1 is deleted.



No.	Object name	Туре	DPT_ID	Description
67	Motor 4 IP1 Save/Delete	1 bit	1.002	
68	Main power failure (24 V)	1 bit	1.002	A mains power failure is signaled with this communication object. 20 seconds after the mains voltage cut out a telegram with the value "1" is sent to the bus. With return of mains voltage this communication object sends the telegram with the value "0".
73	Motor 1 Feedback UP/DOWN	1 Byte	5.001	Through these communication objects, the actual position, based on the learned-in move time (UP/DOWN direction) of the corresponding blind
74	Motor 2 Feedback UP/DOWN	1 Byte	5.001	
75	Motor 3 Feedback UP/DOWN	1 Byte	5.001	is sent to the bus. This kind of sending (on de-
76	Motor 4 Feedback UP/DOWN	1 Byte	5.001	mand, status change, cyclic) is set in the ETS parameters. "0" = upper/"100" = lower.
77	Motor 1 Feedback slat	1 Byte	5.001	Through this communication objects, the actual slats position, based on the learned-in turn time, is sent to the bus. This kind of sending (on demand, status change, cyclic) is set in the ETS parameters. The position, dependent of parameter settings on the menu list "General", is defined as follows:
78	Motor 2 Feedback slat	1 Byte	5.001	"100" = slats max. closed/"0" = slats max. turned
79	Motor 3 Feedback slat	1 Byte	5.001	(standard) or
80	Motor 4 Feedback slat	1 Byte	5.001	"0" = slats max. closed/"100" = slats max. turned
81	Motor 1 Upper end position	1 bit	1.002	Through these communication objects a telegram
82	Motor 2 Upper end position	1 bit	1.002	with the value "1" for the corresponding blind is sent when the upper end position is reached.
83	Motor 3 Upper end position	1 bit	1.002	When leaving the upper end position of the corre-
84	Motor 4 Upper end position	1 bit	1.002	sponding blind, a telegram with the value "0" is sent. The upper and lower end position is determined by the parameterized move times.
85	Motor 1-4 Upper end position	1 bit	1.002	Through this communication object a telegram with the value "1" for the blinds 1-4 is sent when all four blinds have reached the upper end position. When all 4 blinds leave the upper end position, a telegram with the value "0" is sent. The upper and lower end position is determined by the parameterized move times.
91	Motor 1 Lower end position	1 bit	1.002	Through this communication objects a telegram
92	Motor 2 Lower end position	1 bit	1.002	with the value "1" for the corresponding blind is sent when all four blinds have reached the lower
93	Motor 3 Lower end position	1 bit	1.002	end position. When leaving the lower end posi-
94	Motor 4 Lower end position	1 bit	1.002	tion of the corresponding motor, a telegram with the value "0" is sent. The upper and lower end position is determined by the parameterized move times.
95	Motor 1-4 Lower end position	1 bit	1.002	Through this communication object a telegram with the value "1" is sent for the blinds 1-4 when all four blinds have reached the lower end position. When the corresponding blinds leave the lower end position, a telegram with the value "0" is sent. The upper and lower end position is determined by the parameterized move times.



No.	Object name	Туре	DPT_ID	Description
96	Switch input 1: UP/DOWN	1 bit	1.008	A long pressing of the button on input A generates a telegram on this communication object with the value "0". The Venetian blind moves UP. A long pressing of the button on input B generates a telegram on this communication object with the value "1". The Venetian blind moves DOWN.
97	Switch input 1: STEP/STOP	1 bit	1.008	A short pressing of the button on input A generates a telegram on this communication object with the value "0". The slat turns UP. When the Venetian blinds are making a move then a short pressing of the button generates a stop command on input A. A short pressing of the switch on input B generates a telegram with the value "1". The slats turn CLOSE. When the Venetian blind is making a move then a short pressing of the button generates a stop command on input B.
98	Input 1: A, Switch	1 bit	1.001	According to the parameter settings and the state at input 1 contact A a switching telegram is sent over this communication object with the value "1" or "0".
99	Input 1: B, Switch	1 bit	1.001	According to the parameter settings and the state at input 1 contact B, a switching telegram is sent over this communication object with the value "1" or "0".
100	Switch input 1: A, 8-Bit value	1 Byte	5.010	According to the parameter settings, with a rising edge on input 1 contact A, the parameterized value (0-255) is sent.
101	Switch input 1: B, 8-Bit value	1 Byte	5.010	According to the parameter settings, with a rising edge on input 1 contact B, the parameterized value (0-255) is sent.
102	Switch input 1: A/B, Dimming	1 Bit	1.001	On/Off: According to the parameter settings, with a short pressing at the input 1 contact A/B, a telegram is generated with the value "1" or "0". Toggle/Toggle: According to the parameter settings, with a short pressing at the input 1 contact A/B, a telegram is generated with the value "1" or "0".
103	Switch input 1: A/B, Dimming, Value	4 Bit	3.007	Brighter/darker dimming: According to the parameter settings, brighter dimming is done with a long pressing at the input 1 contact A. According to the parameter settings, darker dimming is done with a long pressing at the input 1 contact B. Brighter/Darker toggle: According to the parameter settings, over input 1 contact A, 100 % is dimmed with longer pressing of the switch. When releasing the corresponding switch at the input A, a stop command is generated. The last activated dimming step becomes inverted. According to the parameter settings, over input 1 contact A, 100 % is dimmed with longer pressing of the switch. When releasing the corresponding switch at the input B, a stop command is generated. The last activated dimming step becomes inverted.



No.	Object name	Туре	DPT_ID	Description
104	Switch Input 2: UP/DOWN	1 Bit	1.008	see description of object 96, C/D instead of A/B
105	Switch Input 2: STEP/STOP	1 Bit	1.008	see description of object 97, C/D instead of A/B
106	Switch Input 2: C, Switch	1 Bit	1.001	see description of object 98, C instead of A
107	Switch Input 2: D, Switch	1 Bit	1.001	see description of object 99, D instead of B
108	Switch Input 2: C, 8-Bit value	1 Bit	5.010	see description of object 100, C instead of A
109	Switch Input 2: D, 8-Bit value	1 Bit	5.010	see description of object 101, D instead of B
110	Switch Input 2: C/D, Dimming	1 Bit	1.001	see description of object 102, C/D instead of A/B
111	Switch Input 2: C/D, Dimming, value	4 Bit	3.007	see description of object 103, C/D instead of A/B
112	Switch Input 3: UP/DOWN	1 Bit	1.008	see description of object 96, E/F instead of A/B
113	Switch Input 3: STEP/STOP	1 Bit	1.008	see description of object 97, E/F instead of A/B
114	Switch Input 3: E, Switch	1 Bit	1.001	see description of object 98, E instead of A
115	Switch Input 3: F, Switch	1 Bit	1.001	see description of object 99, F instead of B
116	Switch Input 3: E, 8-Bit value	1 Bit	5.010	see description of object 100, E instead of A
117	Switch Input 3: F, 8-Bit value	1 Bit	5.010	see description of object 101, F instead of B
118	Switch Input 3: E/F, Dimming	1 Bit	1.001	see description of object 102, E/F instead of A/B
119	Switch Input 3: E/F, Dimming, value	4 Bit	3.007	see description of object 103, E/F instead of A/B
120	Switch Input 4: UP/DOWN	1 Bit	1.008	see description of object 96, G/H instead of A/B
121	Switch Input 4: STEP/STOP	1 Bit	1.008	see description of object 97, G/H instead of A/B
122	Switch Input 4: G, Switch	1 Bit	1.001	see description of object 98, G instead of A
123	Switch Input 4: H, Switch	1 Bit	1.001	see description of object 99, H instead of B
124	Switch Input 4: G, 8-Bit value	1 Bit	5.010	see description of object 100, G instead of A
125	Switch Input 4: H, 8-Bit value	1 Bit	5.010	see description of object 101, H instead of B
126	Switch Input 4: G/H, Dimming	1 Bit	1.001	see description of object 102, G/H instead of A/B
127	Switch Input 4: G/H, Dimming, value	4 Bit	3.007	see description of object 103, G/H instead of A/B
128	Radio Input 1: UP/DOWN	1 Bit	1.008	A long pressing of "UP" button at channel 1 learned in remote generates a telegram with the value "0" on this communication object. The Venetian blind goes UP. A long pressing of "DOWN" button at channel 1 learned in remote generates a telegram with the value "1" on this communication object. The Venetian blind goes DOWN.
129	Radio Input 1: STEP/STOP	1 Bit	1.008	A short pressing of "UP" button at channel 1 learned in remote generates a telegram with the value "0" on this communication object. The slat will tilt to reverse (open). If the Venetian blind is in the fully moving process with a short pressing of "UP" button at channel 1 learned in remote, a stop order is generated.  A short pressing of "DOWN" button at channel 1 learned in remote generates a telegram with the value "1" on this communication object. The slat will tilt to close. If the Venetian blind is in a fully moving process with a short pressing of "DOWN" button at channel 1 learned in remote a stop order is generated.



No.	Object name	Туре	DPT_ID	Description
130	Radio Input 1: Switch "my" button	1 Bit	1.001	According to the parameter settings a pressing of "my" button at channel 1 learned in remote generates a telegram with the value "1" or "0" on this communication object.
131	Radio Input 1: 8-Bit value "my" button	1 Byte	5.010	According to the parameter settings a pressing of "my" button at channel 1 learned in remote the configured value (0-255) is sent.
132	Radio Input 1: Switch "UP" button	1 Bit	1.001	According to the parameter settings a pressing of "UP" button at channel 1 learned in remote generates a telegram with the value "1" or "0" on this communication object.
133	Radio Input 1: Switch "DOWN" button	1 Bit	1.001	According to the parameter settings a pressing of "DOWN" button at channel 1 learned in remote generates a telegram with the value "1" or "0" on this communication object.
134	Radio Input 1: 8-Bit value "UP" button	1 Byte	5.010	According to the parameter settings a pressing of "UP" button at channel 1 learned in remote the configured value (0-255) is sent.
135	Radio Input 1: 8-Bit value "DOWN" button	1 Byte	5.010	According to the parameter settings a pressing of "DOWN" button at channel 1 learned in remote the configured value (0-255) is sent.
136	Radio Input 1: Dimming ON/OFF or Slow Tilting UP/DOWN	1 Bit	1.001	On/Up: According to the parameter settings a short pressing of "UP" button at channel 1 learned in remote a telegram with the value "0" will be generated. The light will be switched ON or the blinds will move UP Off/Down: According to the parameter settings a short pressing of "DOWN" button at channel 1 learned in remote a telegram with the value "1" will be generated. The light will be switched OFF or the blinds will move DOWN Toggle/Toggle: According to the parameter settings a short pressing of "UP" or "DOWN" button at channel 1 learned in remote a telegram with the value "1" and/or "0" is generated. The light will be switched ON respectively OFF or the blinds will move UP respectively DOWN.
137	Radio Input 1: Dimming Brighter/ Darker or Slow Tilting Open/Close	4 Bit	3.007 3.008	Brighter/darker dimming: According to the parameter settings of the input 1 contact A with a long actuation it is dimmed brighter. According to the parameter settings of the input 1 contact B with a long actuation it is dimmed darker. Brighter/darker toggle: According to the parameter settings of the input 1 contact A with a long actuation it is dimmed 100 %. When releasing the appropriate switch at the input A a stop order is generated. The dimming action operated last is thus inverted. According to the parameter settings of the input 1 contact B with a long actuation it is dimmed 100 %. When releasing the appropriate switch at the input B a stop order is generated. The dimming action operated last is thus inverted.



No.	Object name	Туре	DPT_ID	Description
138	Radio Input 2: UP/DOWN	1 Bit	1.008	see description of object 128, channel 2 instead of channel 1
139	Radio Input 2: STEP/STOP	1 Bit	1.008	see description of object 129, channel 2 instead of channel 1
140	Radio Input 2: Switch "my" button	1 Bit	1.001	see description of object 130, channel 2 instead of channel 1
141	Radio Input 2: 8-Bit value "my" button	1 Byte	5.010	see description of object 131, channel 2 instead of channel 1
142	Radio Input 2: Switch "UP" button	1 Bit	1.001	see description of object 132, channel 2 instead of channel 1
143	Radio Input 2: Switch "DOWN" button	1 Bit	1.001	see description of object 133, channel 2 instead of channel 1
144	Radio Input 2: 8-Bit value "UP" button	1 Byte	5.010	see description of object 134, channel 2 instead of channel 1
145	Radio Input 2: 8-Bit value "DOWN" button	1 Byte	5.010	see description of object 135, channel 2 instead of channel 1
146	Radio Input 2: Dimming	1 Bit	1.001	see description of object 136, channel 2 instead of channel 1
147	Radio Input 2: Dimming/slow tilting	4 Bit	3.007 3.008	see description of object 137, channel 2 instead of channel 1
148	Radio Input 3: UP/DOWN	1 Bit	1.008	see description of object 128, channel 3 instead of channel 1
149	Radio Input 3: STEP/STOP	1 Bit	1.008	see description of object 129, channel 3 instead of channel 1
150	Radio Input 3: Switch "my" button	1 Bit	1.001	see description of object 130, channel 3 instead of channel 1
151	Radio Input 3: 8-Bit value "my" button	1 Byte	5.010	see description of object 131, channel 3 instead of channel 1
152	Radio Input 3: Switch "UP" button	1 Bit	1.001	see description of object 132, channel 3 instead of channel 1
153	Radio Input 3: Switch "DOWN" but-ton	1 Bit	1.001	see description of object 133, channel 3 instead of channel 1
154	Radio Input 3: 8-Bit value "UP" but- ton	1 Byte	5.010	see description of object 134, channel 3 instead of channel 1
155	Radio Input 3: 8-Bit value "DOWN" button	1 Byte	5.010	see description of object 135, channel 3 instead of channel 1
156	Radio Input 3: Dimming	1 Bit	1.001	see description of object 136, channel 3 instead of channel 1
157	Radio Input 3: Dimming/slow tilting	4 Bit	3.007 3.008	see description of object 137, channel 3 instead of channel 1
158	Radio Input 4: UP/DOWN	1 Bit	1.008	see description of object 128, channel 4 instead of channel 1
159	Radio Input 4: STEP/STOP	1 Bit	1.008	see description of object 129, channel 4 instead of channel 1
160	Radio Input 4: Switch "my" button	1 Bit	1.001	see description of object 130, channel 4 instead of channel 1
161	Radio Input 4: 8-Bit value "my" button	1 Byte	5.010	see description of object 131, channel 4 instead of channel 1
162	Radio Input 4: Switch "UP" button	1 Bit	1.001	see description of object 132, channel 4 instead of channel 1
163	Radio Input 4: Switch "DOWN" but-ton	1 Bit	1.001	see description of object 133, channel 4 instead of channel 1
164	Radio Input 4: 8-Bit value "UP" button	1 Byte	5.010	see description of object 134, channel 4 instead of channel 1
165	Radio Input 4: 8-Bit value "DOWN" button	1 Byte	5.010	see description of object 135, channel 4 instead of channel 1



No.	Object name	Туре	DPT_ID	Description
166	Radio Input 4: Dimming	1 Bit	1.001	see description of object 136, channel 4 instead of channel 1
167	Radio Input 4: Dimming/slow tilting	4 Bit	3.007 3.008	see description of object 137, channel 4 instead of channel 1
168	Radio Input 5: UP/DOWN	1 Bit	1.008	see description of object 128, channel 5 instead of channel 1
169	Radio Input 5: STEP/STOP	1 Bit	1.008	see description of object 129, channel 5 instead of channel 1
170	Radio Input 5: Switch "my" button	1 Bit	1.001	see description of object 130, channel 5 instead of channel 1
171	Radio Input 5: 8-Bit value "my" button	1 Byte	5.010	see description of object 131, channel 5 instead of channel 1
172	Radio Input 5: Switch "UP" button	1 Bit	1.001	see description of object 132, channel 5 instead of channel 1
173	Radio Input 5: Switch "DOWN" button	1 Bit	1.001	see description of object 133, channel 5 instead of channel 1
174	Radio Input 5: 8-Bit value "UP" button	1 Byte	5.010	see description of object 134, channel 5 instead of channel 1
175	Radio Input 5: 8-Bit value "DOWN" button	1 Byte	5.010	see description of object 135, channel 5 instead of channel 1
176	Radio Input 5: Dimming	1 Bit	1.001	see description of object 136, channel 5 instead of channel 1
177	Radio Input 5: Dimming/slow tilting	4 Bit	3.007 3.008	see description of object 137, channel 5 instead of channel 1



## 6 Parameter

The selection options of the single parameters are described in each case. The defaults are printed in italics. In the following illustrations of the different parameter cards the maximum number of parameters is shown. Besides this and depending on the parameter settings, objects which are not required are hidden.

#### 6.1 Menu index card "General"

Lanimeo KNX 4 DC Motor	r Controller WM > General	
General	Motor output configuration	Combined Individual
Motor 1	Select priority Automatic/Manual	No Yes
Motor 2	Use universal binary inputs	O No Yes
	Use radio binary inputs (only with 1860191/1860229)	○ No ○ Yes
Motor 3	Group control input	Enabled    Disabled
Motor 4	Slat position closed/reversed	Max. closed (100)/Max. reversed (0)
Functions motor 1	ONLY FOR VENETIAN BLINDS	Max. closed (0)/Max. reversed (100)
Functions motor 2		
Functions motor 3		
Functions motor 4		
Electronic motors		
Bus safety		
Feedback motor position		

#### 6.1.1 Standard settings of the motors

Default value:
Selection options:

• Combined
• Combined

Individual

With these parameters the settings of the motor outputs are made as to whether "Combined" or "Individual". With the parameter "Combined" only one menu index card becomes visible for the basic settings of all four motor outputs (motor 1-4).

⚠ The selection "Combined" is recommended for projects for which the settings of the motor outputs are the same.

With the parameter "Individual" four single cards become visible for the standard settings of the motor outputs (motor 1, motor 2,  $\dots$ ).

#### 6.1.2 Select priority Automatic/Manual

Default value:
Selection options:
No
No
Yes

With the parameter "Yes" the settings for the priority functions become visible. At the same time the necessary objects appear.



#### 6.1.3 Motor 1...4 Automatic/Manual functions

Default value: None Selection options: None

> Priority automatic function Priority manual function

#### None

The move commands are carried out in the incoming order sequence.

#### Priority automatic function

If an automatic command (1 byte move command) occurs before a manual command (1-Bit move command), all manual commands are disabled. The objects at the start-up of the intermediate positions 1 and 2 (objects 25-34) are also disabled. A manual command is also generated over the local push button inputs or via the radio transmitter. However, a turn command (1 bit) can always be made within the parameterized turning time. A reset of the priority automatic function occurs when "Priority reset" (60-63) receives "1" or "0" on the corresponding object. Shifting between priority manual functions (value "0") and priority automatic functions (value "1") is done over the corresponding objects (56-59). After changing over to the corresponding priority the function is again in the reset state. This means that for priority automatic functions the manual commands are blocked only with the next automatic command.

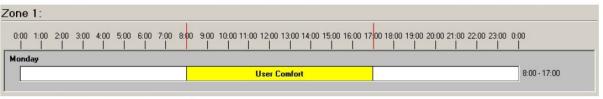
△ See chapter 1 Definitions.

#### Priority manual function

When a manual command (1 bit) occurs before an automatic command (1 byte), all automatic commands are disabled. A manual command is also generated over the local push button inputs or via the radio transmitter. A reset of the priority manual function occurs when "Priority reset" (60-63) receives "1" or "0" on the corresponding object. Shifting between priority manual functions (value "0") and priority automatic functions (value "1") is done over the corresponding objects (56-59). After changing over to the corresponding priority the function is again in the reset state. This means that for priority automatic functions the manual commands are disabled only with the next automatic command

△ See chapter 1 Definitions.

△ Over the priority manual function the user has the option of switching off the automatic functions. User comfort can be defined, for example, with a timer. At 8:00 o'clock the priority manual function is activated over the corresponding object (56-59) and the user can move to the desired position using the manual functions until priority automatic functions are switched over at around 17:00 on priority automatic functions toggles. Over the corresponding object (56-59), switching to and from priority manual function and priority automatic function can be done at any time.





To set the timer, ideally the façade controller animeo KNX Master Control W2 (Ref. 1860187) or animeo KNX Master Control W8 (Ref. 1860193) can be used.



#### 6.1.4 Use universal binary inputs

Default value:
Selection options:

No
No
Yes

With the parameter "Yes", five further menu index cards open (General: Binary inputs and Binary input 1...4). Now the local push button inputs can be connected over the corresponding objects (96-127). A conventional push button can then be used for many different functions. For example, Switching, Venetian blind function, Dimming or Sending a value.

#### 6.1.5 Use radio binary inputs

Default value:
Selection options:
No
No
Yes

With the parameter "Yes" a menu index card opens (General: Radio binary input), over which five further menu index cards can be activated (Radio binary input 1...5). Now the radio channels can be connected over the corresponding objects (128-177). A radio transmitter can then be used for many different functions.

#### 6.1.6 Group control input

Default value:
Selection options:

• Disabled
• Enabled

Disabled

Over this parameter it is determined whether the input is blocked to the group control or is freed. Over this input all four motors are selected at the same time. Regardless of the parameter settings, the security settings (objects 40-49) have higher priority. If one of the security objects is active, the input to the group control is blocked.

⚠ With a bus power failure this input is freed. Even if it is blocked over the parameter settings it can be used as an emergency service. With bus voltage return this input is blocked according to parameter settings or is freed.

#### 6.1.7 Slats turn closed/turned ONLY WITH VENETIAN BLIND

Max. closed (100 %)/Max. turned (0 %)
Selection options:
Max. closed (100 %)/Max. turned (0 %)
Max. closed (100 %)/Max. turned (0 %)

Max. closed (0 %)/Max. turned (100 %)

#### Max. closed (100 %)/Max. turned (0 %)

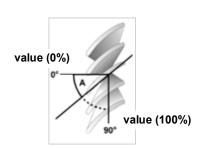
If the value "100" is transmitted to the corresponding object (17–20), the slats are closed at maximum.

If the value "0" is transmitted to the corresponding object (17–20), the slats are turned or opened at maximum.

#### Max. closed (0 %)/Max. turned (100 %)

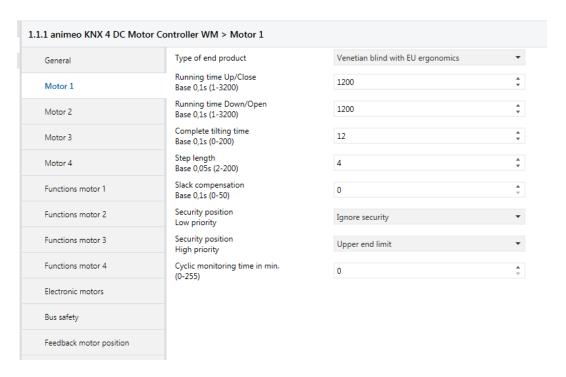
If the value "0" is transmitted to the corresponding object (17–20), the slats are closed at maximum.

If the value "100" is transmitted to the corresponding object (17–20), the slats are turned or opened at maximum.





## 6.2 Menu index card "Configuration for motor 1...4"



Four single menu index cards (motor 1...4) become visible if in the menu of the basic setting "Motors" the parameter setting "Individual" is selected. One menu index card (motor 1 - 4) becomes visible if in the menu of the basic setting "Motors" the parameter setting "Combined" is selected.

#### 6.2.1 Type of end product

Default value:

- Venetian blind with EU ergonomics
- Selection options: Venetian blind with EU ergonomics
  - · Venetian blind with US ergonomics
  - · Screen, roller shutter, awning
  - Window

#### • Venetian blind with EU ergonomics:

With this parameter it is determined that the Venetian blind in EU ergonomics is selected over the local push button inputs or via the Somfy RTS radio transmitter.

When the local push button inputs are used as universal push button inputs, the operating ergonomics are defined over the corresponding parameters (short/long pressing of the push button). The operating ergonomics using a Somfv RTS radio transmitter remains unchanged.

△ For an explanation of EU/US ergonomics and screen ergonomics see chapter 1 Definitions.

#### · Venetian blind with US ergonomics

With this parameter it is determined that the Venetian blind in US ergonomics is selected over the local push button inputs or via the Somfy RTS radio transmitter.

When the local push button inputs are used as universal push button inputs, the operating ergonomics are defined over the corresponding parameters (short/long pressing of the push button). The operating ergonomics using a Somfy RTS radio transmitter remains unchanged.

△ For an explanation of EU/US ergonomics and screen ergonomics see chapter 1 Definitions.



#### Screen, roller shutter, awning

With this parameter it is determined that the corresponding blind is selected over move/stop commands when the controlling is done over the local push button inputs or via the Somfy RTS radio hand transmitter. When the local push button inputs are used as universal push button inputs, the operating ergonomics are defined over the corresponding parameters (short/long pressing of the push button). The operating ergonomics using a Somfy RTS radio transmitter remains unchanged.

△ For an explanation of EU/US ergonomics and screen ergonomics see chapter 1 Definitions.

#### Window

With this parameter it is determined that the corresponding window is selected over move/stop commands when the controlling is done over the local push button inputs or via the Somfy RTS radio hand transmitter. When the local push button inputs are used as universal push button inputs, the operating ergonomics are defined over the corresponding parameters (short/long pressing of the push button). The operating ergonomics using a Somfy RTS radio transmitter remains unchanged.

△ For an explanation of EU/US ergonomics and screen ergonomics see chapter 1 Definitions.

#### 6.2.2 Running time Up/Close

Default value:
• 120 seconds
Selection options:
• 0.1 - 320 seconds

The time parameterized here is the maximum running time from the lower end position to the upper end position, or the maximum running time which a window motor needs to close the corresponding window. An excess time of 5 seconds is always added, except with position telegrams (objects 13-16). If a position telegram with the value "0" is sent to the corresponding object, an excess time of 5 seconds is still added to it.

### 6.2.3 Running time Down/Open

Default value:
• 120 seconds
Selection options:
• 0.1 - 320 seconds

The time parameterized here is the maximum running time from the lower end position to the upper end position or the maximum running time which a window motor needs to open the corresponding window. An excess time of 5 seconds is always added to it, except with position telegrams (objects 13-16). If a position telegram with the value "100" is received on the corresponding object, an excess time of 5 seconds is still added to it.

#### 6.2.4 Complete tilting of the slats

Default value:
• 1.2 seconds
Selection options:
• 0 - 20 seconds

The parameterized time here is the maximum tilting time of the slats. This parameter is only visible when the "Type of end product" is set to Venetian blind with EU ergonomics or Venetian blind with US ergonomics. △ For an explanation of EU/US ergonomics see chapter 1 Definitions.

#### 6.2.5 Step length

Default value:
• 0.2 seconds
Selection options:
• 0.1 - 10 seconds

The parameterized time here is the move time for a turn step. This parameter is only visible when the type of end product, Venetian blind with EU ergonomics or Venetian blind with US ergonomics is selected. △ For an explanation of EU/US ergonomics see chapter 1 Definitions.



#### 6.2.6 Slack compensation

Default value:

• 0 seconds
Selection options:
• 0 - 5 seconds

The time slack compensation is active as soon as a higher value than "0" is entered. The time parameterized here defines the time which is added to the parameterized complete slats turn to balance out mechanical tolerances. This time is always added with the first UP turn of the slats when the type of end product, Venetian blinds with EU ergonomics or Venetian blinds with US ergonomics have been selected.

△ For an explanation of EU/US ergonomics see chapter 1 Definitions.

#### 6.2.7 Security position Low priority

Default value:
Selection options:

• Ignore security
• Upper end limit
• Lower end limit

Intermediate position 1 (IP 1)
 Intermediate position 2 (IP 2)

Ignore security

Stop

Close windowOpen window

The "Security position low priority" for the corresponding blind is determined with this parameter. If a telegram with the value "1" is received on one of these communication objects (objects 40-43) the corresponding blind moves to the position parameterized in the ETS parameters.

If a telegram with the value "0" is received on one of these communication objects, no operation is carried out. If the function "Repeat last telegram after security" is set with "Yes" in the menu index card "Functions motor 1...4", the blind moves, after ending of the "Low priority" (value "0"), again in the last position and angle before activation of this priority.

#### 6.2.8 Security position High priority

Default value: • Upper end limit

Selection options: • Upper end limit

Lower end limitIanore security

Stop

Close window

Open window

The "Security position high priority" for the corresponding blind is determined with this parameter. If a telegram with the value "1" is received on one of these communication objects (objects 45-48), the corresponding blind moves to the position parameterized in the ETS parameters.

If a telegram with the value "0" is received on one of these communication objects, no operation is carried out

If the function "Repeat last telegram after security" is set with "Yes" in the menu index card "Functions motor 1...4", it is checked whether "Low priority" is active or inactive. When "Low priority" (value "1") is active the blinds move to the parameterized "Security position low priority" (see previous point). If the "Low priority" (value "0") is also inactive, the blind moves again to the last position with the last angle before activating the high and low priorities.

#### 6.2.8.1 Cyclic monitoring time in minutes (0-255)

Default value: • 0

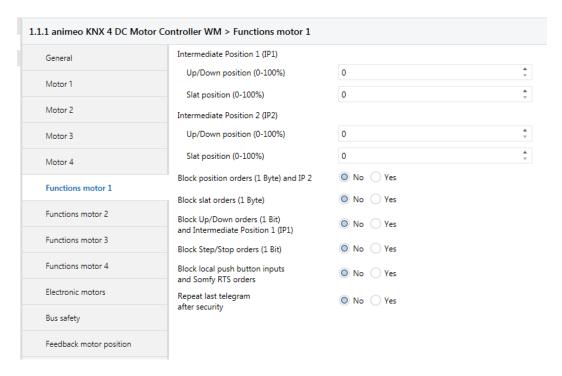
Selection options: • 0 - 255 minutes

The cyclic monitoring time is active and refers to the high and low priority security objects.

△ The cyclic transmitter must be approximately 4 times faster than the cyclic monitoring. E.g. if the cyclic sending of the transmitter is set to 1 minute, then the cyclic monitoring time should be set to ≥4 minutes.



#### 6.3 Menu index card "Functions for motor 1...4"



Four single menu index cards (Functions motor 1...4) become visible if on the menu card index "General", the basic setting of the blinds on "Individual" is parameterized. A menu index card (Motor 1 - 4) becomes visible if on the menu card index "General", the basic setting of the motors is parameterized to "Combined".

#### 6.3.1 Intermediate Position 1 (IP1)

#### 6.3.1.1 Up/Down position (0-100%)

Default value: • 0 % (function disabled)

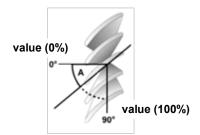
Selection options: • 0 - 100 %

With this parameter the intermediate position 1 "UP/DOWN" is defined. The set value in % refers to the parameterized move times of the corresponding blind of the menu index card Motor 1...4/Motor 1 - 4. If the IP UP/Down position parameter is set to 0 %, the IP position is disabled. This function avoids any movement of the blinds by using the "my" or IP push button.

#### 6.3.1.2 Slat position (0-100%)

Default value:

• 0 %
Selection options:
• 0 - 100 %



With this parameter the intermediate position 1 "slats" is defined. The set value in % refers to the parameterized complete slats turn of the corresponding blind of the menu index card Motor 1...4/Motor 1 - 4.

△ Intermediate position 1 can be learned-in individually via conventional local push buttons or by a radio handheld transmitter per motor output. In addition, the last learned-in position applies.



#### 6.3.2 Intermediate Position 2 (IP2)

#### 6.3.2.1 Up/Down position (0-100%)

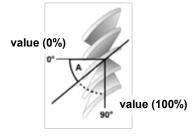
Default value: • 0 % (function disabled)

Selection options: 0 - 100 %

With this parameter the intermediate position 2 "UP/DOWN" is defined. The set value in % refers to the parameterized move times of the corresponding blind of the menu index cards Motor 1...4/Motor 1-4. If the IP UP/Down position parameter is set to 0 %, the IP position is disabled. This function avoids any movement of the blinds by using the "my" or IP push button.

#### 6.3.2.2 Slat position (0-100%)

Default value: Selection options: 0 - 100 %



With this parameter the intermediate position 2 "Slats" is defined. The set value in % refers to the parameterized complete slats turn of the corresponding Venetian blind of the menu index card Motor 1...4/Motor 1-4.

### 6.3.3 Block position orders (1 Byte) and IP2

Default value: No Selection options: No

Yes

Position orders (byte) can be blocked per object (51-54) using this parameter. If a telegram with the value "1" is received on the corresponding object during a blinds move, this move is carried out up to the end. Only then are further move commands (byte) blocked. If a telegram with the value "0" is received on the corresponding object, the move commands (byte) are released again.

#### 6.3.4 Block slat orders (1 Byte)

Default value: No Selection options: No

Yes

Slat orders (byte) can be blocked per object (51-54) using this parameter. If a telegram with the value "1" is received on the corresponding object when the Venetian blind is turning, this move is carried out up to the end. Only then are further slat orders (byte) blocked. If a telegram with the value "0" is received on the corresponding object, the slat orders (byte) are released again.

## 6.3.5 Block Up/Down (1 Bit) and Intermediate Position 1 (IP 1)

Default value: No Selection options: No

Yes

UP/DOWN orders (bit) can be blocked per object (51-54) using this parameter. If a telegram with the value "1" is received on the corresponding object during a blinds move, this move is carried out up to the end. Only then are further UP/DOWN orders (bit) blocked. If a telegram with the value "0" is received on the corresponding object, the UP/DOWN orders (bit) are released again.



#### 6.3.6 Block Step/Stop orders (1 Bit)

Default value:
Selection options:
No
No
Yes

Step/stop and turn commands (bit) can be blocked per object (51-54) using this parameter. If a telegram with the value "1" is received on the corresponding object during a blinds turn, this turn is carried out up to the end. Only then further turn commands (bit) are blocked. If a telegram with the value "0" is received on the corresponding object, the step/stop or turn commands (bit) are released again.

#### 6.3.7 Block local push button inputs and Somfy RTS orders

Default value:
Selection options:
No
No
Yes

Local push buttons inputs and the Somfy RTS radio signal can be blocked per object (51-54) using this parameter. If a telegram with the value "1" is received on the corresponding object during a motor movement, this turn is carried out up to the end. Only after completion any further commands are blocked which are generated via local push button inputs or Somfy RTS radio signals. If a telegram with the value "0" is received on the corresponding object, the local push button inputs and Somfy RTS radio signals are freed again.  $\triangle$  This function is deactivated for local push-button inputs if "Yes" has been selected in the "Use universal binary inputs" menu index card (see section 6.1.4).

#### 6.3.8 Repeat last telegram after security

Default value:
Selection options:
No
No
Yes

If this parameter is set to "Yes", the last move command is repeated after security. This means that it will move to the position which was active before a telegram with the value "1" was input to one of the corresponding security objects, low or high.

## 6.4 General information for Binary inputs

Four different basis functions can be selected for each universal input:

Default value:

• Venetian blind, Up/Down
Selection options:
• Venetian blind, Up/Down

Switch dry contact

• 8-Bit value (rising edge)

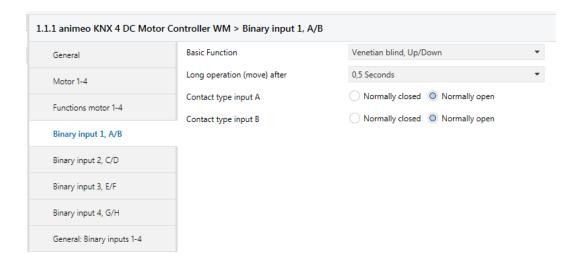
Dimming

The single functions and parameters will be explained which arise depending on the selection of the basis function. For this, another basis function has been selected for each push button. The functions are described with the help of the input 1 contact A/B and are identical for the inputs 2-4, contacts C/D, E/F and G/H.

⚠ For the basis function "Venetian blind Up/Down " attention must be paid to which contact "Up" or "Down" is switched. The same applies with selection basis function "Dimming", for "Brighter" or "Darker" dimming. The pre-setting of the basis function for the menu index card push button 1...4 is Venetian blind Up/Down.



## 6.5 Menu index card "Binary inputs - Venetian blind Up/Down"



#### 6.5.1 Basic Function

Selected option: • Venetian blinds Up/Down

#### 6.5.2 Long operation (move) after

Default value:
• 0.5 seconds
Selection options:
• 0.3 - 5.0 seconds

This parameter defines the activity time of the corresponding push button which distinguishes between the sending of a short-term telegram (step/stop) and a long-term telegram (Up/Down). If the time, for example, is set on 0.5 seconds, a long-term telegram is generated first with a longer pressing of the push button which is longer than 0.5 seconds. With a shorter activation which is smaller than 0.5 seconds, a short-term telegram is generated.

#### 6.5.3 Contact type input A

Default value:
Selection options:

• Normally open
• Normally open

Normally closed

Over this parameter it is defined which type of contact is at the local input A. Normally open: The contact at the local input is activated closed and not activated opened.

Normally closed: The contact at the local input is activated opened and not activated closed.

#### 6.5.4 Contact type input B

Default value:
Selection options:

Normally open
Normally open

Normally closed

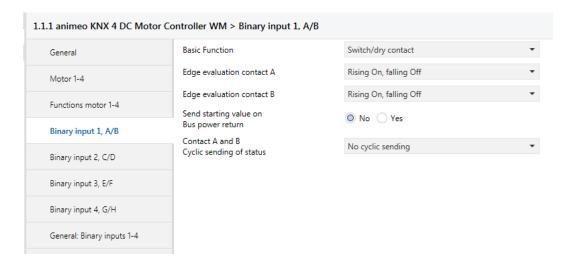
Over this parameter it is defined which type of contact is at the local input B.

Normally open: The contact at the local input is activated closed and not activated opened.

Normally closed: The contact at the local input is activated opened and not activated closed.



## 6.6 Menu index card "Binary inputs – Switch/Dry contact"



#### 6.6.1 Basic Function

Selected option: • Switch dry contact

#### 6.6.2 Edge evaluation contact A

Default value:

- Rising On, falling Off
- Selection options: Rising On, falling Off
  - · Rising Off, falling On
  - · Rising On
  - · Falling On
  - · Rising Off
  - Falling Off
  - Rising toggle
  - Falling toggle
  - Rising toggle, falling toggle
  - No evaluation

△ See chapter 1 Definitions for On ("1") Off ("0") Toggle ("1/0").

The corresponding object value "0" or "1" is generated depending on which edge evaluation is parameterized.

#### · Rising On, falling Off

If a rising edge at the local input appears, the object value "On" is generated. If a falling edge at the local input appears, the object value "Off" is generated. The duration of the activation is not evaluated.

#### · Rising Off, falling On

If a rising flank at the local input appears, the object value "Off" is generated. If a falling flank at the local input appears, the object value "On" is generated. The duration of the activation is not evaluated.

#### Rising On

If a rising flank at the local input appears, the object value "On" is generated. If a falling flank at the local input appears, it is not evaluated. The duration of the activation is not evaluated.

#### • Falling On

If a rising flank at the local input appears, the object value "On" is generated. If a rising flank at the local input appears, it is not evaluated. The duration of the activation is not evaluated.



#### Rising Off

If a rising flank at the local input appears, the object value "Off" is generated. If a falling flank at the local input appears, this is not evaluated. The duration of the activity is not evaluated.

#### Falling Off

If a falling flank at the local input appears, the object value "Off" is generated. If a rising flank at the local input appears, this is not evaluated. The duration of the activity is not evaluated.

#### Rising toggle

If a rising flank at the local input appears, the object value is inverted. If a falling flank at the local input appears, this is not evaluated. The duration of the activity is not evaluated.

#### Falling toggle

If a falling flank at the local input appears, the object value is inverted. If a rising flank at the local input appears, this is not evaluated. The duration of the activity is not evaluated.

#### · Rising toggle, falling toggle

If a rising or falling flank at the local input appears, the object value is inverted. The duration of the activity is not evaluated.

#### No evaluation

If a rising or falling flank at the local input appears, this is not evaluated.

#### 6.6.3 Edge evaluation contact B

For detailed information see Edge evaluation contact A.

#### 6.6.4 Send starting value on Bus power return

Default value:
Selection options:
No
Yes

No

If this parameter is stopped, the current state of the input is transmitted with the bus voltage return. If this parameter is set to "No", the current state of the input is not transmitted.

#### 6.6.5 Contact A and B Cyclic sending of status

Default value:

• No cyclic sending
Selection options:
• No cyclic sending

On Off

On and Off

With this parameter it is defined whether the corresponding switch value of the communication object should be transmitted cyclically.

#### · No cyclic sending

The switching value of the communication object is not transmitted cyclically.

#### On

If the object value is "1", this is transmitted cyclically. If the object value changes by flank change at the local input or reception of a telegram on "0", the cyclic sending stops.

#### Off

If the object value is "0", this is transmitted cyclically. If the object value changes by flank change at the local input or reception of a telegram on "0", the cyclic sending stops after "1".



#### · On and Off

If the object value is "1" or "0", this is transmitted cyclically. If the object value changes by flank change at the local input or with reception of a telegram, the current object value is transmitted cyclically.

#### 6.6.6 Cyclic sending

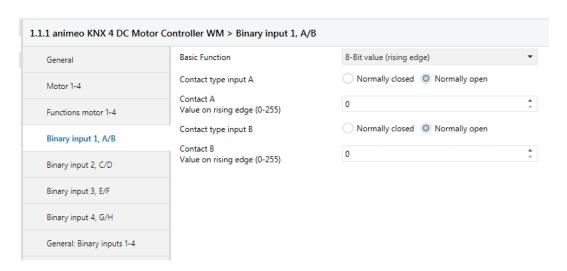
Default value: • 5 seconds

Selection options: -3600 seconds

With this parameter the time intervals are defined in which the corresponding object value should be transmitted cyclically.

⚠ Please beware that cyclical supervision time of the receiver is approximately 4 times higher than that of the transmitter.

## 6.7 Menu index card "Binary inputs – 8-Bit value (rising edge)"



#### 6.7.1 Basic Function

Selected option: • 8-Bit value (rising edge)

#### 6.7.2 Contact type input A

Default value: • 0

Selection options: • 0-255

With this parameter the value is set which is transmitted with a rising edge to the local input A.

#### 6.7.3 Contact A value on rising edge (0-255)

Default value:
Selection options:

Normally open
Normally open

Normally closed

With this parameter it is defined which contact type is at the local input A.

Normally open: The contact at the local input is activated closed and not activated opened.

Normally closed: The contact at the local input is activated opened and not activated closed.



#### 6.7.4 Contact type input B

Default value: • 0 Selection options: • 0 - 255

With this parameter the value is set which is transmitted with a rising edge at the local input B.

#### 6.7.5 Contact B value on rising edge (0-255)

Default value:
Selection options:

• Normally open
• Normally open

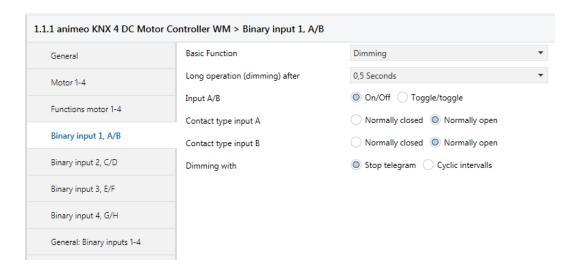
Normally closed

With this parameter it is defined which contact type is at the local input B.

Normally open: The contact at the local input is activated closed and not activated opened.

Normally closed: The contact at the local input is activated opened and not activated closed.

## 6.8 Menu index card "Binary inputs - Dimming"



#### 6.8.1 Basic Function

Selected option: • Dimming

#### 6.8.2 Long operation (dimming) after

Default value:
• 0.5 seconds
Selection options:
• 0.3 - 5.0 seconds

This parameter defines the activity time of the corresponding push button which makes a distinction between the sending of a switching telegram and a dimming telegram. If the time, for example, is parameterized on 0.5 seconds, a dimming telegram is generated only after a press longer than 0.5 seconds is made. With a pressing shorter than 0.5 seconds a switch telegram is generated.

#### 6.8.3 Input A/B

Default value:

• On/Off
Selection options:
• On/Off

Toggle/Toggle

This parameter defines the value which is transmitted with a short pressing of the corresponding input.



#### On/Off

With a short pressing of the push button at the input A, an "Off" telegram is generated. With a short activity of the corresponding push button at the input B, an "On" telegram is generated. This function can be inverted by changing over the clamps at the inputs.

#### Toggle/Toggle

Switching over can be done with a short pressing of the push button at the input A or B. This means that the value which is in the corresponding switching object is firstly inverted and is then transmitted.

△ See chapter 1 Definitions for On ("1") Off ("0") Toggle ("1/0").

#### 6.8.4 Contact type input A

Default value:
Selection options:

Normally open
Normally closed

With this parameter it is defined which contact type is at the corresponding local input. Normally open: The contact at the local input is activated closed and not activated open. Normally closed: The contact at the local input is activated open and not activated closed.

#### 6.8.5 Contact type input B

Default value:
Selection options:

Normally open
Normally closed

With this parameter it is defined which contact type is at the corresponding local input. Normally open: The contact at the local input is activated closed and not activated open. Normally closed: The contact at the local input is activated open and not activated closed.

#### 6.8.6 Dimming with

Default value:

Selection options:

• Stop telegram

• Cyclic intervals

• Stop telegram

#### Cyclic intervals

With a short pressing of the push button at the local input A or B, an "On" or an "Off" telegram is generated over the corresponding object (1 bit). With a long pressing of the push button at the local input A brighter dimming is done over the corresponding object (4 bit) as long as the push button is pressed. When the push button is released on the local input A cyclical sending is stopped. The length of steps and the time duration for brighter dimming is made from the parameters "longer push button pressing (dimming)" and "interval for cyclical dimming".

With a long pressing of the push button at the local input B, darker dimming is done over the corresponding object (4 bit) as long as the push button is pressed. When the push button is released on the local input B, cyclical sending is stopped. The length of steps and the time duration for darker dimming is made from the parameters "longer push button pressing (dimming)" and "interval for cyclical dimming".

#### Stop telegram

With a short pressing of the push button at the local input A or B, a telegram is generated over the corresponding object (1 bit). With a long pressing of the push button at the local input A brighter dimming is done over the corresponding object (4 bit). With a long pressing of the push button at the local input B, darker dimming is done over the corresponding object (4 bit). When the corresponding push button at the local input A or B is released, a stop command is generated.



# 6.8.7 Dimming Brighter/Darker

Default value:

• Adjust by 1/8
• Adjust by 100%

Adjust by ½
Adjust by ¼
Adjust by 1/8
Adjust by 1/16
Adjust by 1/32
Adjust by 1/64

This parameter defines the dimming length of steps of the telegrams which are transmitted with a longer pressing.

⚠ When "Dimming with cyclic intervals" is parameterized, attention must be paid to the fact that the dimming length of steps and the interval for the cyclical dimming are matched to the dimming time of the actuator.

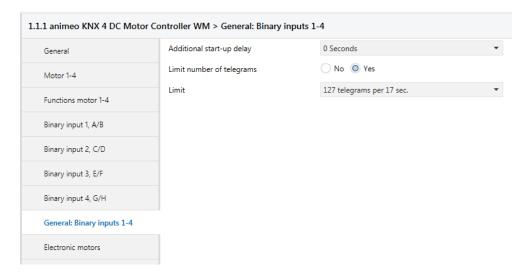
# 6.8.8 Interval for cyclic dimming

Default value:
• 0.5 seconds
Selection options:
• 0.5 - 7.0 seconds

This parameter defines the duration of an interval for cyclical sending. If, for example, a "change  $\frac{1}{4}$ " and an "interval of 0.5 seconds" is set, then with a longer pressing of the push button on the corresponding local input, every 0.5 seconds  $\frac{1}{4}$  brighter or darker will be dimmed.



# 6.9 Menu index card "General Binary inputs"



The parameters set here refer to the push button inputs 1 - 4.

# 6.9.1 Additional start-up delay

Default value:
• 0 seconds
Selection options:
• 0 seconds

0 - 21 seconds

This parameter defines the time which is needed after bus voltage return, until the first telegram can be transmitted.

# 6.9.2 Limit number of telegrams

Default value:
Selection options:
No
Yes

No

This parameter opens the parameter to set the telegram rate limitation. In addition, the number of the telegrams which are transmitted cyclically per time unit can be limited.

# 6.9.3 Limit

Default value:127 telegrams per 17 sec.Selection options:30 telegrams per 17 sec.

30 telegrams per 17 sec. 60 telegrams per 17 sec.

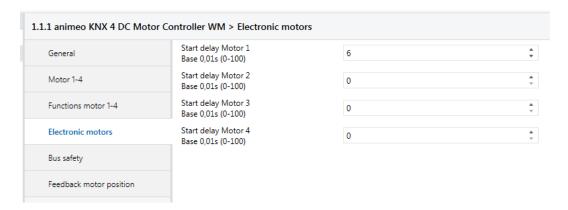
• 100 telegrams per 17 sec.

• 127 telegrams per 17 sec.

This parameter defines the number of the telegrams which can be transmitted within 17 seconds.



# 6.10 Menu index card "Electronic motors"



On this menu index card a start-up delay can be set for every single motor output.

# **6.10.1 Start delay Motor 1...4**

Default value:
Selection options:

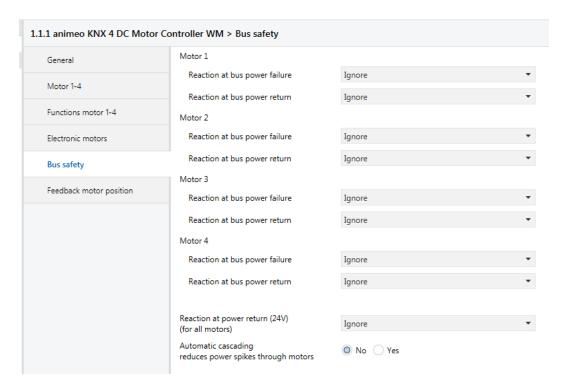
• 0 seconds
• 0 seconds

0 – 100 seconds

If electronic motors are controlled using this Motor Controller, it is imperative to set the start delay time of the electronic motor in the settings of the Motor Controller.



# 6.11 Menu index card "Bus safety"



On this menu index card, the reaction can be defined for every single motor output with bus power failure and bus power return.

# 6.11.1 Motor 1...4

# 6.11.1.1 Reaction at bus power failure

Default value:

- Ignore
- Selection options:
- Upper end limit
- Lower end limit
- Ignore
- Intermediate position 1 (IP 1)
- Intermediate position 2 (IP 2)
- Close window
- Open window

This parameter defines the position which is moved to with a bus power failure.

# 6.11.1.2 Reaction at bus power failure

Default value:

Ianore

Selection options:

- Upper end limit
- Lower end limit
- Ignore
- Intermediate position 1 (IP 1)
- Intermediate position 2 (IP 2)
- Close window
- Open window

This parameter defines the position which is moved to with a bus power failure.



# 6.11.2 Reaction at main power return (24 V) (for all motors)

Default value:

• Ignore

Selection options:

Upper end limitLower end limit

Ignore

Close window

· Open window

This parameter defines the position which is moved to with a mains power return (24 V).

# 6.11.3 Automatic cascading

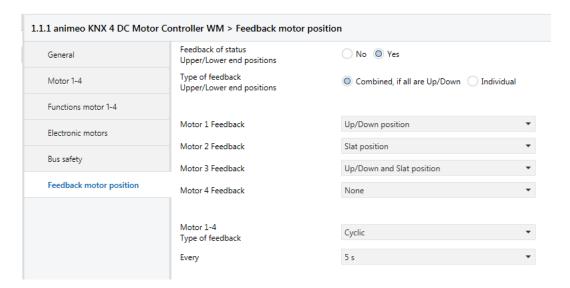
Default value:
Selection options:
No
No
Yes

If this parameter is set on "Yes", the motor outputs with one second delay in each case move to the corresponding position. This delay time is taken into account with the start-up of the positions, which are generated from the settings "Reaction with bus voltage return" and "Reaction with mains voltage return (24 V)".

⚠ Advantage: Power spikes can thus be reduced in larger projects.



# 6.12 Menu index card "Feedback motor position"



On this menu index card the parameters can be selected to announce the position status of the individual blinds on the bus. In addition, the generated status positions are based on the parameterized move times and turn times of the menu index cards motor 1...4 or motor 1 - 4.

# 6.12.1 Feedback of status Upper/Lower end positions

Default value:

Selection options:

No

Yes

This parameter opens the parameter "Type of feedback Upper/Lower end positions".

# 6.12.2 Type of feedback Upper/Lower end positions

Default value:Combined if all are Up/DownSelection options:Combined if all are Up/Down

Individual

#### · Combined if all are Up/Down

If this parameter is selected, the corresponding upper or lower end position is only announced on the bus, when all four blinds have reached the upper (object 85) or the lower (object 95) end position.

#### Individual

If this parameter is selected, the corresponding upper or lower end position is announced on the bus for each blind individually. Here, the objects in each case (81-84) and (91-94) are made available.

# 6.12.3 Motor 1...4 Feedback

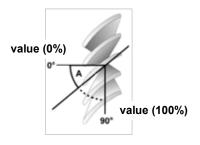
Default value: • None

Selection options: • Up/Down position

Slat position

Up/Down and slat position

None



# animeo KNX 4 DC Motor Controller WM 24 V DC

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#### • Up/Down position

Using this parameter the position Up/Down is sent on the bus for the corresponding motor depending on the parameter "Type of messaging" "0" = upper/"255" = lower.

#### Slat position

With this parameter the slat position is transmitted for the corresponding motor depending on the parameter "Type of messaging" on the bus. "0/255" = slats opened/"255/0" = slats closed. The value for the position of the slats which is transmitted over the corresponding object is dependent on the parameter settings on the menu index card "General".

Slats turn Closed/Turned ONLY WITH VENETIAN BLIND.

#### Up/Down and slat position

With this parameter the position Up/Down and the position of the slats for the corresponding motor is transmitted on the bus depending on the parameter "Type of messaging". "0" = upper/"255" = lower, "0/255" = slats opened/"255/0" = slats closed. The value for the position of the slats which is transmitted over the corresponding object is dependent on the parameter settings on the menu index card "General". Slats turn Closed/Turned ONLY WITH VENETIAN BLIND.

#### None

No positions on the bus are messaged.

# 6.12.4 Motor 1...4 Type of feedback

Default value:

• On demand
Selection options:
• On demand

Status change

Cyclic

# On demand

The current position of the blinds must be requested over object 50.

#### Status change

The current position of the corresponding blind is transmitted after every position change on the bus. The position is transmitted on the bus when the destination position is reached.

#### Cyclic

This parameter opens a further parameter ("Every") with which the time for cyclical sending is set.

# 6.12.5 Every

Default value:
• 5 seconds
Selection options:
• 5 seconds

10 seconds20 seconds30 seconds60 seconds

⚠ With this parameter it is defined in which time intervals the current position of the corresponding blinds are messaged. The current position of the blinds is transmitted on the bus.



# 6.13 index card "General Radio inputs"

1.1.1 animeo KNX 4 DC Motor Controller WM > General: Radio binary inputs		
General	Radio binary input 1	No Yes
Motor 1-4	Radio binary input 2 ON	O No Yes
Functions motor 1-4	Radio binary input 3	No Yes
Electronic motors	Radio binary input 4	No Yes
	Radio binary input 5	No Yes
Bus safety		
Feedback motor position		
General: Radio binary inputs		

# 6.13.1 Radio binary input 1...5

Default value: No Selection options: No

Yes

With the parameter "Yes" additional menu index cards "Radio binary input 1...5" become visible. At the same time the necessary objects appear.

# 6.14 General information for radio input

For every radio input there are five different basic functions for selection:

Default value: Venetian blind, Up/Down Selection options:

· Venetian blind, Up/Down

Switch

• 8-Bit value (rising edge)

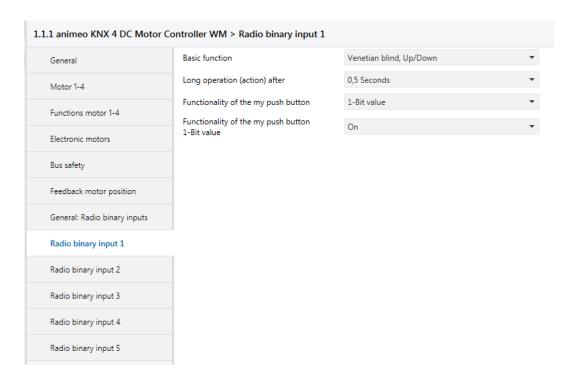
Dimming

· Venetian blind slow tilting

The single functions and parameters which arise depending on the selection of the basic functions are now described. To illustrate this, another basis function has been selected for each radio input. The functions are described with the help of the radio input 1 (channel A) and are identical for the radio inputs 2 - 5 (channel B, C, D and E).



# 6.15 Menu index card "Radio inputs - Venetian blinds Up/Down"



#### 6.15.1 Basic Function

Selected option: • Venetian blind, Up/Down

# 6.15.2 Long operation (action) after

Default value:
• 0.5 seconds
Selection options:
• 0.3...5.0 seconds

This parameter defines the activity time of the corresponding transmitter push button which distinguishes between the sending of a short-term telegram (Step/Stop) and a long-term telegram (Up/Down). If the time, for example, is parameterized on 0.5 seconds, then only after a pressing of more than 0.5 seconds is a long-term telegram generated. With a pressing of the push button which is shorter than 0.5 seconds, a short-term telegram is generated.

# 6.15.3 Functionality of my push button

Default value:
Selection options:

• No function
• 1-Bit value
• 8-Bit value

No function

# 6.15.3.1 1-Bit value

Default value:
Selection options:
On

OffToggleNo function

#### On

If the "my" button in the radio transmitter is pressed, the object value "On" is generated. The duration of the activity is not evaluated.



#### Off

If the "my" button in the radio transmitter is pressed, the object value "Off" is generated. The duration of the activity is not evaluated.

#### Toggle

If the "my" button in the radio transmitter is pressed, the object value toggles between "On" and "Off". The duration of the activity is not evaluated.

#### No function

If the "my" button in the radio transmitter is pressed, no object is generated. ▲ See chapter 1 Definitions for On ("1") Off ("0") Toggle ("1/0").

# 6.15.3.2 8-Bit value

Default value: • 0
Selection options: • 0

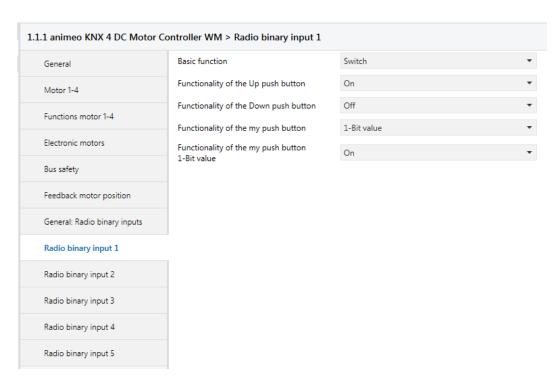
0 – 255

With this parameter the value (0 - 255) is set which is transmitted while pressing the "my" button in the radio transmitter.

# **6.15.3.3** No function

If the "my" button in the radio transmitter is pressed, no object is generated.

# 6.16 Menu index card "Radio inputs - Switch"



#### 6.16.1 Basic Function

Selected option: • Switch



# 6.16.2 Functionality of the Up push button

Default value:

Selection options:

On
On
Off

ToggleNo function

#### On

If the "Up" button in the radio transmitter is pressed, the object value "On" is generated. The duration of the activity is not evaluated.

#### Off

If the "Up" button in the radio transmitter is pressed, the object value "Off" is generated. The duration of the activity is not evaluated.

#### Toggle

If the "Up" button in the radio transmitter is pressed, the object value toggles between "On" and "Off". The duration of the activity is not evaluated.

#### No function

If the "Up" button in the radio transmitter is pressed, no object is generated.

△ See chapter 1 Definitions for On ("1") Off ("0") Toggle ("1/0").

# 6.16.3 Functionality of the Down push button

Default value:

Selection options:

• Off
• On

OffToggle

No function

#### On

If the "Down" button in the radio transmitter is pressed, the object value "On" is generated. The duration of the activity is not evaluated.

#### Off

If the "Down" button in the radio transmitter is pressed, the object value "Off" is generated. The duration of the activity is not evaluated.

#### Toggle

If the "Down" button in the radio transmitter is pressed, the object value toggles between "On" and "Off". The duration of the activity is not evaluated.

# No function

If the "Down" button in the radio transmitter is pressed, no object is generated. △ See chapter 1 Definitions for On ("1") Off ("0") Toggle ("1/0").

# 6.16.4 Functionality of my push button

Default value:
Selection options:

• No function
• 1-Bit value

8-Bit valueNo function



# 6.16.4.1 1-Bit value

Default value:

Selection options:

On
On
Off
Toggle

#### On

If the "my" button in the radio transmitter is pressed, the object value "On" is generated. The duration of the activity is not evaluated.

#### Off

If the "my" button in the radio transmitter is pressed, the object value "Off" is generated. The duration of the activity is not evaluated.

# • Toggle

If the "my" button in the radio transmitter is pressed, the object value toggles between "On" and "Off". The duration of the activity is not evaluated.

#### No function

If the "my" button in the radio transmitter is pressed, no object is generated. ▲ See chapter 1 Definitions for On ("1") Off ("0") Toggle ("1/0").

No function

#### 6.16.4.2 8-Bit value

Default value: • 0

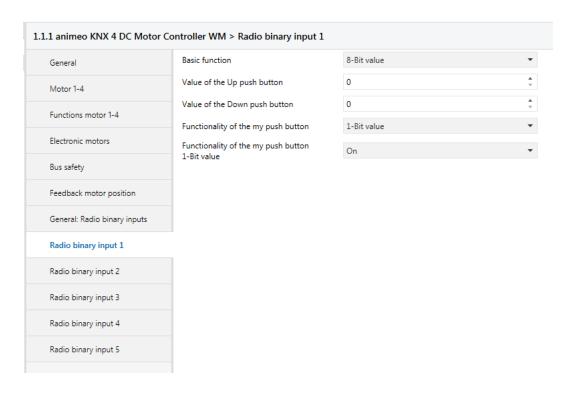
Selection options: 0 - 255

With this parameter the value (0 - 255) is set which is transmitted while pressing the "my" button in the radio transmitter.

# **6.16.4.3** No function



# 6.17 Menu index card "Radio inputs - 8-Bit value"



#### 6.17.1 Basic Function

Selected option: • 8-Bit value (rising edge)

# 6.17.2 Value of the Up push button

Default value: • 0

Selection options: 0 - 255

With this parameter the value (0 - 255) is set which is transmitted while pressing the "my" button in the radio transmitter.

# 6.17.3 Value of the Down push button

Default value: • 0

Selection options: • 0-255

With this parameter the value is set which is transmitted while pressing the "Down" button in the radio transmitter.

# 6.17.4 Functionality of my push button

Default value:

• No function
Selection options:
• 1-Bit value

8-Bit valueNo function

# 6.17.4.1 1-Bit value

Default value:
Selection options:
On
On

Off
Toggle
No function



#### On

If the "my" button in the radio transmitter is pressed, the object value "On" is generated. The duration of the activity is not evaluated.

#### Off

If the "my" button in the radio transmitter is pressed, the object value "Off" is generated. The duration of the activity is not evaluated.

#### Toggle

If the "my" button in the radio transmitter is pressed, the object value toggles between "On" and "Off". The duration of the activity is not evaluated.

#### No function

If the "my" button in the radio transmitter is pressed, no object is generated. ▲ See chapter 1 Definitions for On ("1") Off ("0") Toggle ("1/0").

# 6.17.4.2 8-Bit value

Default value: • 0

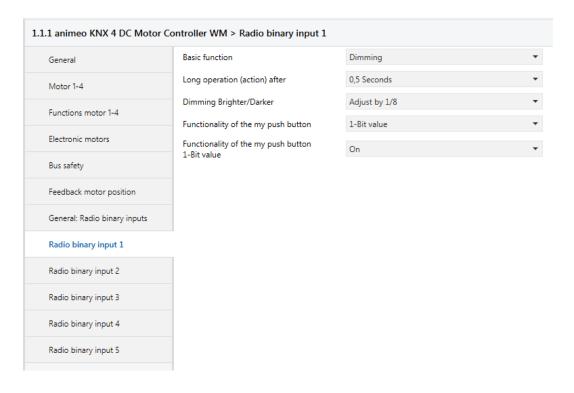
Selection options: 0 - 255

With this parameter the value (0 - 255) is set which is transmitted while pressing the "my" button in the radio transmitter.

# **6.17.4.3** No function



# 6.18 Menu index card "Radio inputs – Dimming"



#### 6.18.1 Basic Function

Selected option: • Dimming

# 6.18.2 Long operation (action) after

Default value:
• 0.5 seconds
Selection options:
• 0.3...5.0 seconds

This parameter defines the pressing time of the corresponding transmitter push button (Up/Down) which makes a distinction between the sending of a short-term telegram (On/Off) and a long-term telegram (Brighter/darker dimming). If the time, for example, is set at 0.5 seconds, a long-term telegram is generated after a longer pressing than 0.5 seconds. With a pressing duration which is shorter than 0.5 seconds, a short-term telegram is generated.

# 6.18.3 Dimming Brighter/Darker

Default value: • Adjust by 1/8

Selection options: • Adjust by 100 % <sup>1</sup>/<sub>16</sub>

This parameter defines the dimming step length which is transmitted as a telegram with a long pressing of the push button.

# 6.18.4 Functionality of my push button

Default value:

• No function
Selection options:
• 1-Bit value

8-Bit value

No function



# 6.18.4.1 1-Bit value

Default value:

Selection options:

On
On
Off
Toggle

#### • On

If the "my" button in the radio transmitter is pressed, the object value "On" is generated. The duration of the activity is not evaluated.

#### Off

If the "my" button in the radio transmitter is pressed, the object value "Off" is generated. The duration of the activity is not evaluated.

#### Toggle

If the "my" button in the radio transmitter is pressed, the object value toggles between "On" and "Off". The duration of the activity is not evaluated.

#### No function

If the "my" button in the radio transmitter is pressed, no object is generated. ▲ See chapter 1 Definitions for On ("1") Off ("0") Toggle ("1/0").

No function

#### 6.18.4.2 8-Bit value

Default value: • 0

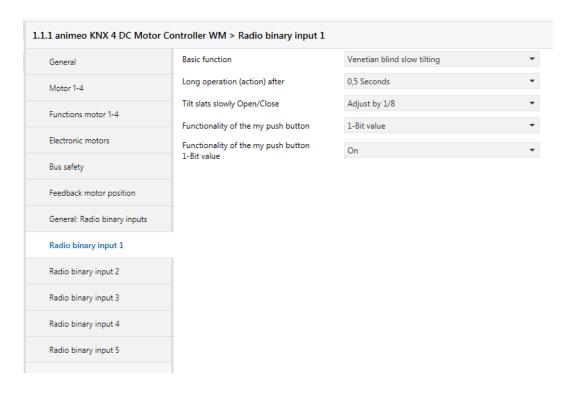
Selection options: 0 - 255

With this parameter the value (0 - 255) is set which is transmitted while pressing the "my" button in the radio transmitter.

# **6.18.4.3** No function



# 6.19 Menu index card "Radio inputs - Venetian blind slow tilting"



#### 6.19.1 Basic Function

Selected option: • Venetian blind slow tilting

# 6.19.2 Long operation (action) after

This parameter defines the pressing time of the corresponding transmitter push button (Up/Down) which makes a distinction between the sending of a short-term telegram (Up/Down) and a long-term telegram (Open/Close). If the time, for example, is set at 0.5 seconds, a longterm telegram is generated after a longer pressing than 0.5 seconds. With a pressing duration which is shorter than 0.5 seconds, a shortterm telegram is generated.

# 6.19.3 Tilt slats slowly Open/Close

This parameter defines the turn of the Venetian blinds which is transmitted as a telegram with a long pressing of the push button.

# 6.19.4 Functionality of my push button

Default value:

• No function
Selection options:
• 1-Bit value

8-Bit valueNo function

#### 6.19.4.1 1-Bit value

Default value:
Selection options:
On
On

OffToggleNo function

# animeo KNX 4 DC Motor Controller WM 24 V DC

#### On

If the "my" button in the radio transmitter is pressed, the object value "On" is generated. The duration of the activity is not evaluated.

#### Off

If the "my" button in the radio transmitter is pressed, the object value "Off" is generated. The duration of the activity is not evaluated.

#### Toggle

If the "my" button in the radio transmitter is pressed, the object value toggles between "On" and "Off". The duration of the activity is not evaluated.

# • No function

If the "my" button in the radio transmitter is pressed, no object is generated. △ See chapter 1 Definitions for On ("1") Off ("0") Toggle ("1/0").

# 6.19.4.2 8-Bit value

Default value: • 0

Selection options: 0 - 255

With this parameter the value (0 - 255) is set which is transmitted while pressing the "my" button in the radio transmitter.

# **6.19.4.3** No function



# 7 Technical data

KNX 4 DC Motor Controller	WM Ref. 1870452
Supply voltage	24 V DC (min. 21.5 V DC - max. 28 V DC)
Power supply	Regulated and short circuit proof power supply, certified and suitable for the connected motors
Stand-by current (IEC 62301)	25 mA @ 24 V DC
Stand-by power (IEC 62301)	600 mW @ 24 V DC
Supply voltage from KNX Bus	KNX-voltage 21 30 V DC, SELV
Rated current consumption KNX	As per KNX guidelines, 10mA
Max. motor current consumption	4 x 2.5 A @ 24 V DC
Supply voltage of group control input	SELV, 16 V DC =
Supply voltage of local push buttons	SELV, 16 V DC =
Terminals	Spring connectors
Relay micro-gap	μ
Terminal KNX	KNX bus terminal (black/red)
Running time per output	Max. 5 minutes
Operating temperature	-5° C to 45° C
Relative humidity	Max. 85%
Material of housing	PC-ABS
Housing dimensions	180 x 255 x 61 mm
Weight	710 g
Degree of protection	IP 20
Protection class	(III)
Pollution degree	2
Conformity	www.somfy.com/ce

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